

Readying the Web for Agents

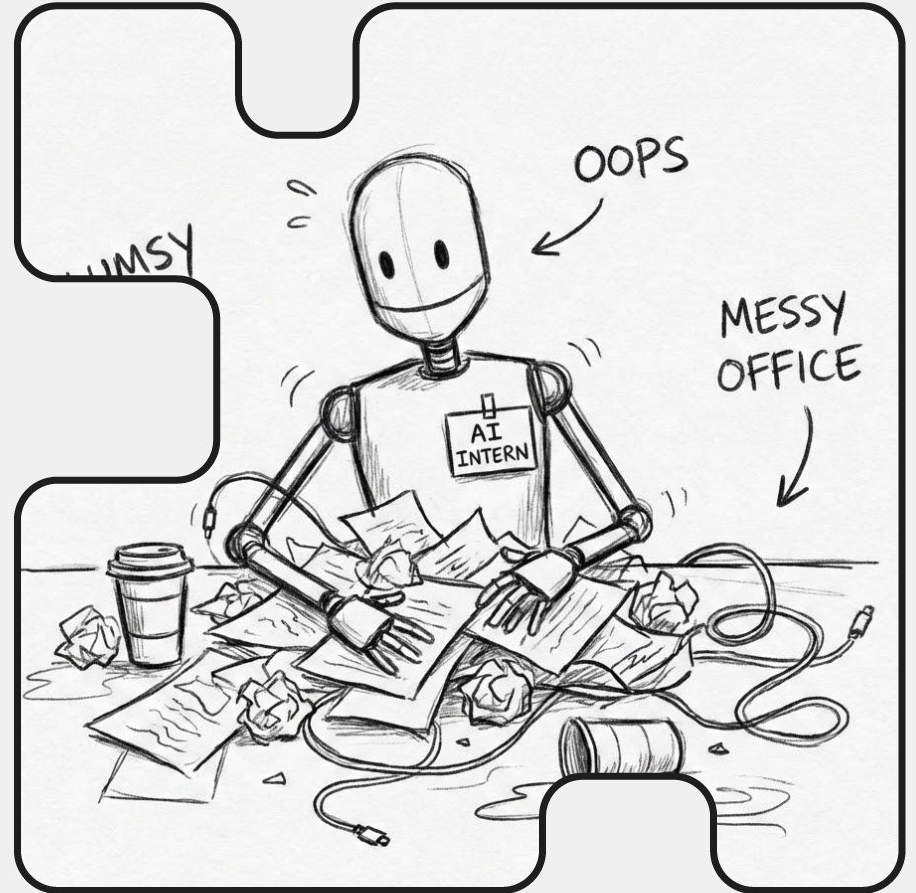
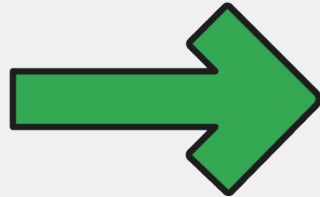
Moving from screen-scraping to
structured API contracts in the browser.



Build  with AI

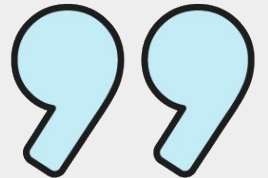
Chapter One

AI: The clumsy Intern





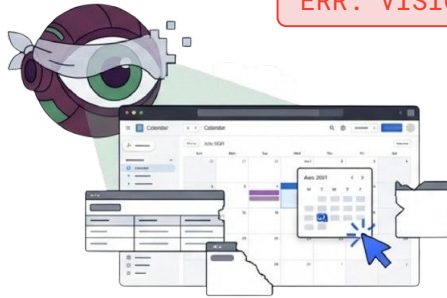
Is your AI just **looking**
at the screen and
guessing where to
click?



Why current web agents fail to scale

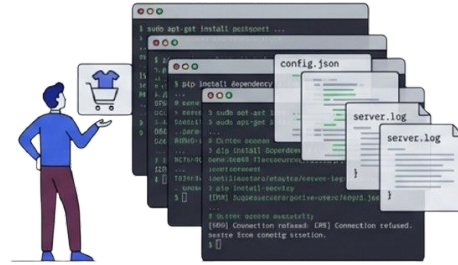


ERR: VISION_MODEL



- Vision Models treat the web like a picture
- Slow, expensive, and brittle.
- Fail at complex UIs, hover states, and dynamic DOMs.

ERR: CUSTOM_SERVER

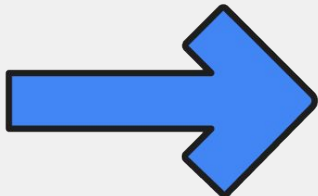


- Custom MCP server treats the web like a backend.
- High friction manual installation.
- Offers absolutely zero on-the-fly discoverability.



Chapter Two

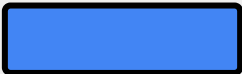
WebMCP: Secret Handshake



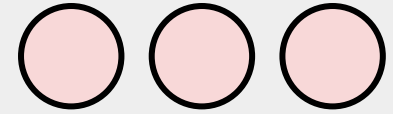
Introducing WebMCP



A proposed web standard exposing structured tools for AI agents natively inside existing websites.



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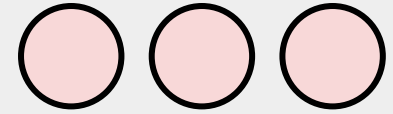


Discovery

Agents query available tools on the fly as they browse, without pre-installation.



Introducing WebMCP

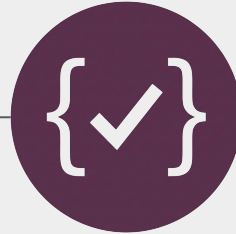


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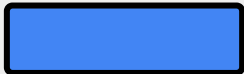
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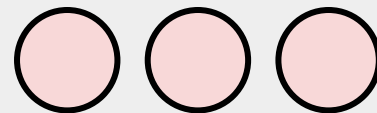


Schema

Explicit JSON definitions for input and expected outputs eliminate model hallucinations.



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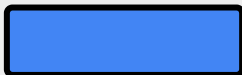
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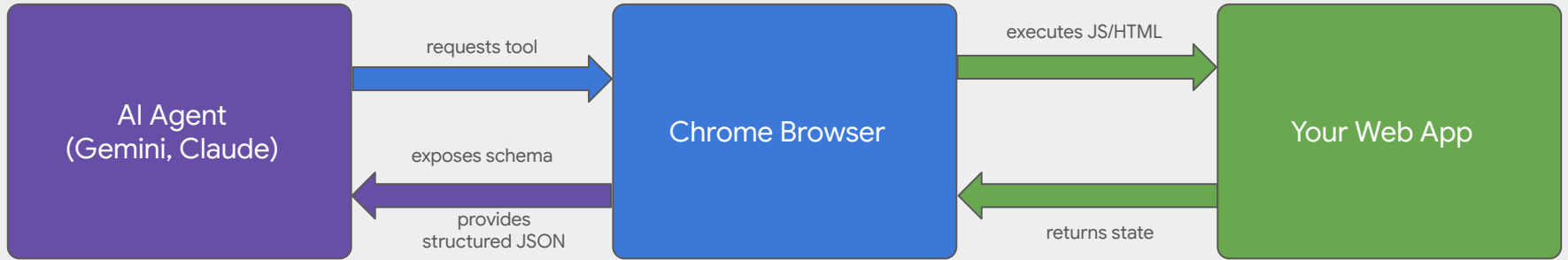
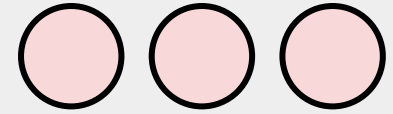


Discovery

Agents maintain a shared, real-time understanding of page context and available resources



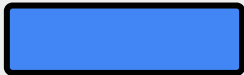
How WebMCP routes Agent Intent



The agent processes natural language and outputs structured JSON.

The browser acts as the mediator. It enforces the contract without exposing the backend

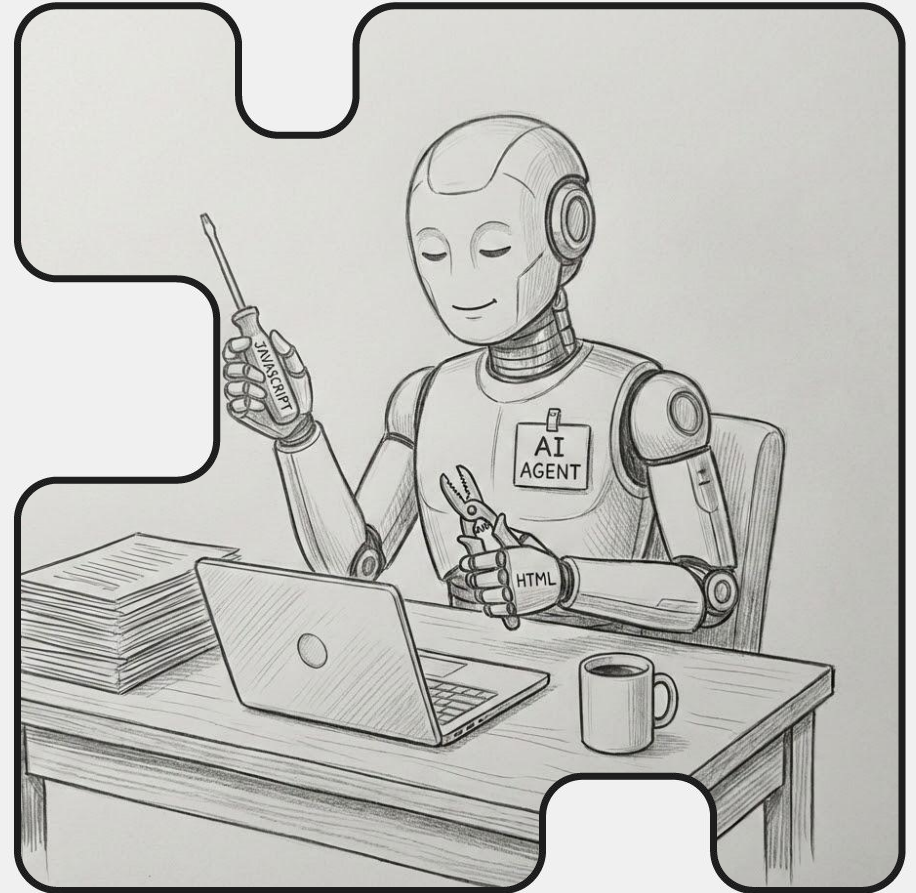
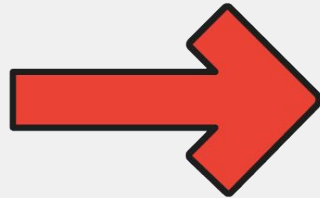
The web app executes native logic and updates the UI State.



Chapter Three

How it works: 2 flavours

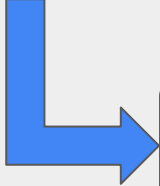
JavaScript or HTML



Selecting your implementation path



Imperative API	Declarative API
(JavaScript)	(HTML)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use registerTool().• Best for complex logic, dynamic SPAs, and fetching custom backend APIs.• Registered and unregistered dynamically based on page state.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use <form> annotation.• Best for standard web forms, simple search inputs and basic CRUD.• The browser automatically translates DOM elements.



Shared Benefit: Both Generate the exact same JSON schemas for the AI agents under the hood.



Registering complex logic with JS



```
1  const addTodoTool = {
2    name: 'addTodo',
3    inputSchema: {
4      type: 'object',
5      properties: {
6        text: { type: 'string' }
7      }
8    },
9    execute: ({ text }) => {
10     return `Added todo: ${text}`;
11   }
12 };
13 const controller = new AbortController();
14 navigator.modelContext.registerTool(addTodoTool,
  { signal: controller.signal });
```



Transforming HTML forms into agent tools



HTML Source

```
<form toolname="my_tool"
  tooldescription="A simple
declarative tool">
  <select name="select"
    required
    toolparamdescription="A
nice description">
</form>
```

Computed Schema

```
{
  'name': 'my_tool',
  'description': 'A simple
declarative tool',
  'parameters': {
    'type': 'object',
    'select': {
      description: 'A nice
description',
    },
    'required': ['select'],
  }
}
```



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